Jews Feel Lash of Angry Nazis Bent on Plunder

Looting Crowds Take Violent Revenge for Slaying Of German Official

Synagogues Wrecked; 22 Take Own Lives

Reich Propaganda Minister Appeals To Demonstrators To Cease Pillage

By the Associated Press

Propaganda Minister Paul Joseph Goebbels appealed today to angry German demonstrators to cease the violent revenge they had taken for the assassination of a German diplomat in Paris by a young Polish Jew.

But Jews, watching roving raiding parties smash their store windows and plunder their shops, feared worse was in store for them.

For Jews, No Tears

Berlin—(AP)—Der Angriff, organ of propaganda Minister Paul Joseph Goebbels, in a short account today of the destruction of Jewish stores and synagogues said: "We shed not a single tear for them."

"They (the synagogues) lived in the way long enough," the paper continued. "We can use the space made free more usefully than as Jewish fortresses."

Anti-Semitism also was enforced in Italy in sweeping decree laws issued by the cabinet excluding Jews from all government positions, restricting their businesses and professions, forbidding their marriage to non-Jewish Italians and limiting their family rights.

In London, Prime Minister Chamberlain told the British House of Commons that Germany's demands for colonies could not be considered, indicating any solution must be part of a broader settlement.

Reports to Berlin showed that anti-Jewish demonstrations, beginning early today, were nation-wide.

The extent of the wave was shown by the following telephoned reports from many cities to the Associated Press:

Munich—All Jews were told they must leave the city within 48 hours. The only remaining Jewish bank, Auhausener, was raided and its windows smashed. One of its directors and his wife committed suicide, another was taken to a concentration camp.

Cologne—Crowds broke windows in nearly every Jewish shop. An entrance to a synagogue was forced, its seats overturned, windows smashed, books torn.

Salzburg—A synagogue was destroyed and its ritual emblems demolished. Shops of small Jewish tradesmen were invaded, demolished and looted.

Crowds in Berlin charged a police guard and plundered shattered Jewish shops. Seven of Berlin's synagogues were fired and others burned or were wrecked in Munich, Dresden, Vienna, Cologne and Hamburg.

All of Vienna's 21 synagogues were damaged or destroyed and Vienna Jews said 22 of their number had committed suicide while Nazi fury avenged the death of Ernst Vom Rath, secretary of the Paris embassy, who died yesterday. He was shot Monday by Herschel Grynszpan, 17-year-old Jew, who once lived in Germany.

In London, British Air Secretary Sir Kingsley Wood forecast a 40 percent boost in expenditures for aviation next year in Britain's speed-up of air rearmament.

Sir Kingsley told the House of Commons air estimates would rise from $800,000,000 to $1,000,000,000.

Britain's colonial secretary rejected a suggestion the United States be invited to attend the proposed conference between Arab and Jewish leaders over the future of Palestine.

Thousands of war veterans gathered in Paris awaiting signals for Armistice Day demonstrations favoring a "public safety" government to rebuild France.

Interior Minister Albert Sarraut insisted on strong measures to discourage a threatened march on the home of President Albert LeBrun. Both Arab and Jewish leaders in Palestine expressed bitter disappointment over Britain's plan to call a conference of both Holy Land factions and to discard as impractical her proposal to partition the country.

In the Spanish civil war, government troops reported advances toward Lerida and Fraga on the far northern Segre River front. But insurgents said all lost territory had been recaptured and reported gains in their drive to wipe out the government's Ebro River salient, 30 miles to the south.